## §24.315

to a subsequent imposition of debarment by any other agency.

[60 FR 33049, June 26, 1995]

## §24.315 Settlement and voluntary exclusion.

- (a) When in the best interest of the Government, HUD may, at any time, settle a debarment or suspension action.
- (b) If a participant and the agency agree to a voluntary exclusion of the participant, such voluntary exclusion shall be entered on the Nonprocurement List (see subpart E).

## §24.320 Period of debarment.

- (a) Debarment shall be for a period commensurate with the seriousness of the cause(s). If a suspension precedes a debarment, the suspension period shall be considered in determining the debarment period.
- (1) Debarment for causes other than those related to a violation of the requirements of subpart F of this part generally should not exceed three years. Where circumstances warrant, a longer period of debarment may be imposed.
- (2) In the case of a debarment for a violation of the requirements of subpart F of this part (see §24.305(c)(5)), the period of debarment shall not exceed five years.
- (b) The debarring official may extend an existing debarment for an additional period, if that official determines that an extension is necessary to protect the public interest. However, a debarment may not be extended solely on the basis of the facts and circumstances upon which the initial debarment action was based. If debarment for an additional period is determined to be necessary, the procedures of §§24.311 through 24.314 shall be followed to extend the debarment.
- (c) The respondent may request the debarring official to reverse the debarment decision or to reduce the period or scope of debarment. Such a request shall be in writing and supported by documentation. The debarring official may grant such a request for reasons including, but not limited to:
- (1) Newly discovered material evidence:

- (2) Reversal of the conviction or civil judgment upon which the debarment was based:
- (3) Bona fide change in ownership or management;
- (4) Elimination of other causes for which the debarment was imposed; or
- (5) Other reasons the debarring official deems appropriate.
- (d) Where respondent's request to reduce the period or scope of debarment is based on reasons set forth in paragraphs (c)(4) or (5) of this section, such request may not be submitted earlier than six months after the final decision to debar. In no event may more than one such request be submitted within any 12-month period.

[53 FR 19182 and 19204, May 26, 1988, as amended at 53 FR 19185, May 26, 1988, 54 FR 4950 and 4957, Jan 31, 1989]

## § 24.325 Scope of debarment.

- (a) Scope in general. (1) Debarment of a person under these regulations constitutes debarment of all its divisions and other organizational elements from all covered transactions, unless the debarment decision is limited by its terms to one or more specifically identified individuals, divisions or other organizational elements or to specific types of transactions.
- (2) The debarment action may include any affiliate of the participant that is specifically named and given notice of the proposed debarment and an opportunity to respond (see §§ 24.311 through 24.314).
- (3) Debarment of a contractor under these regulations, or by another Federal agency pursuant to 48 CFR subpart 9.4, constitutes debarment of all its divisions and other organizational elements from all Federal procurement, unless the debarment is limited by its terms to one or more specifically identified individuals, divisions, or other organizational elements or to specific types of contracts. The debarment may be extended to include any affiliates of the contractor, if they are specifically named, given written notice of the proposed debarment, and provided with an opportunity to respond.
- (b) *Imputing conduct.* For purposes of determining the scope of debarment, conduct may be imputed as follows: